SIEMENS

Technical Instructions

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SQM5...

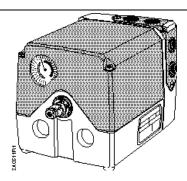
Reversing Actuators

ISO 9000 and 14000 REGISTERED FIRM









Description

SQM5... reversing actuators are used for the positioning of flow control valves, butterfly valves, dampers, or any application requiring rotary motion. The SQM5... actuators accommodate control input signals of 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 135 Ω , 0 to 10 Vdc, 0 to 20 mA, position proportional and floating control. The available output signals include 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 135 Ω , 0 to 10 Vdc, 0 to 20 mA, and 0 to 1000 Ω . SQM5... actuators are available with up to six internal, easily adjustable switches.

A selection of exchangeable circuit boards provide a variety of functions including auto/manual selector switch, manual forward/reverse toggle switch, zero and span adjustment, parallel or master/slave operation, split range control, input signal override, and selectable electronic linearization.

The SQM5... is engineered for precision. It is particularly well suited for applications requiring a high degree of modulating accuracy and repeatability.

The SQM5... actuator may be mounted in any position. A selection of mounting brackets and shafts provides installation flexibility and allows for the simple replacement of most competitive actuators.

Features

- Two limit switches, plus up to four internal auxiliary switches
- Fully closed "economy position" switch
- Drive shaft and cam drum disengagement clutches
- Auto/manual switch, manual control forward/reverse toggle switch
- UL, CSA approved 24 and 110 Vac versions
- CE approved 220 Vac versions
- Field reversible clockwise (cw) or counterclockwise (ccw) operation
- Various torque ratings and running times available
- Selection of field exchangeable single-ended and dual-ended shafts
- Mounting brackets to replace competitive actuators

Features, Continued

- Connections for both base and face mounting
- Low hysteresis actuator and potentiometer gearing
- Externally visible position indication
- · Selection of input and output signals
- · Zero and span adjustment
- Field exchangeable circuit boards and potentiometers
- Electronic damper linearization function
- Split range and selectable parallel or master/slave operation
- Adjustable input signal override function

Application

SQM5... actuators are uniquely suited for both industrial and commercial applications. The high level of accuracy permits precise modulating control of industrial process and process heating applications, often significantly enhancing performance and product quality.

In commercial and industrial burner applications requiring high turndown and reliable ignition, the auxiliary switches can be applied to create separate positions for burner ignition and low fire. In dual fuel applications, additional switches can be used to create separate high fire, low fire and ignition positions for each fuel. The economy position switch is used to drive the actuator to the full closed position when the burner is off.

In all applications, commissioning is simplified. Shaft and cam drum disengagement clutches allow for the quick manual alignment of the actuator shaft and switch cams. The forward/reverse toggle switch in combination with the auto/manual selector switch provides direct manual control.

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Product Numbers

Table 1. Product Numbers for Pre-assembled Actuators.

Torque ¹	Running	ion		out Contro	ol Signals	3	Product Number			
[lb-in]	Time ² 90°@ 60 Hzsec	Rotation Direction	Line Voltage	4-20 mA	0-135 W	0-10 Vdc	110 V	220 V	24 V	
90	8	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.261R1G3			
90	8	cw	Х	х			SQM50.261R1G3R			
90	8	ccw	Х	Х	х	Х	SQM50.261R1Z3			
90	8	CCW	Х				SQM50.264R1A	SQM50.264R2A		
90	8	CW	Х				SQM50.264R1A0R			
90	8	CCW	Х				SQM50.264R1A3			
90	8	CW	х	Х			SQM50.264R1G3R			
90	8	ccw	Х	Х			SQM50.264R1G4	SQM50.264R2G4		
90	8	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.264R1Z3			
140	12	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.361R1G3			
140	12	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.361R1G3R			
140	12	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.361R1G7			
140	12	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.361R1Z3			
140	12	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.364R1G3			
140	12	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.364R1G3R			
140	12	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.364R1G4R			
140	12	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.364R1Z3			
140	25	CCW	Х				SQM50.461R1A			
140	25	CCW	Х				SQM50.461R1A3			
140	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.461R1G3			
140	25	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.461R1G3R			
140	25	CCW	Х		Х		SQM50.461R1H3			
140	25	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.461R1Z3			
140	25	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.461R1Z7			
140	25	CCW	Х				SQM50.464R1A		SQM50.484R8A	
140	25	CW	Х				SQM50.464R1A0R			
140	25	ccw	Х				SQM50.464R1A3			
140	25	cw	Х				SQM50.464R1A3R			
140	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.464R1G3	SQM50.464R2G3	SQM50.484R8G3	
140	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.464R1G4			
140	25	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.464R1G3R	SQM50.464R2G3R		
140	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM50.464R1G7			
140	25	CW	Х	Х			SQM50.464R1G7R			
140	25	CCW	Х		Х		SQM50.464R1H3		SQM50.484R8H3	
140	25	cw	Х		Х		SQM50.464R1H3R			
140	25	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.464R1Z3	SQM50.464R2Z3	SQM50.484R8Z3	
140	25	CW	х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.464R1Z3R			
140	25	CW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM50.467R1Z3R			
200	25	CCW	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM53.461R1Z3			
200	25	CCW	Х				SQM53.464R1A			
200	25	ccw	Х				SQM53.464R1A3		1	
200	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM53.464R1G3			
200	25	CCW	Х	Х			SQM53.464R1G7			
200	25	cw	Х	х			SQM53.464R1G7R			
200	25	ccw	Х	Х	х	х	SQM53.464R1Z3	SQM53.464R2Z3		
200	25	ccw	Х	Х	Х	Х	SQM53.467R1Z3			
200	25	CW	Х	х	х	х	SQM53.467R1Z3R			
200	25	ccw	Х					SQM53.467R2A3		
310	37	ccw	Х				SQM56.564R1A			
310	37	ccw	Х	х			SQM56.564R1G4			
310	37	CCW	Х	х			SQM56.564R1G7			
310	37	ccw	Х		Х		SQM56.564R1H4			
310	37	CCW	х	Х	Х	Х	SQM56.564R1Z3			

Electronic Circuit Boards

Product Numbers			Table 1. Product Numbers for Pre-assembled Actuators, Continued.						
Torque ¹	Torque ¹ Running 5 5		Input Control Signals ³			3	Product Number		
[lb-in]	Time ² 90°@ 60 Hzsec	Rotatic Directic	Line Voltage	4-20 mA	0-135 W	0-10 Vdc	110 V	220 V	24 V
400	50	ccw	Х	х			SQM56.664R1G3		
400	50	CW	Х	Х			SQM56.664R1G3R	SQM56.664R2G3R	
400	50	ccw	Х		Х		SQM56.664R1H3		
400	50	CW	Х		Х		SQM56.664R1H3R		
400	50	ccw	Х	х	Х	х	SQM56.664R1Z3		
400	50	CW	Х	х	х	х	SQM56.664R1Z3R		
400	50	CW	Х				SQM56.667R1A3R		
400	50	ccw	Х	Х			SQM56.667R1G3		
400	50	cw	Х	Х			SQM56.667R1G7R		
400	50	ccw	Х	Х	Х	х	SQM56.667R1Z3		

- 1.
- Torque will vary with the selection of the shaft. See *Specifications*. Running time for 135° \rightarrow multiply by 1.5. For 50 Hz \rightarrow multiply by 1.2 SQM5x.xxxxx**Z**x models also accept a 0 to 20 mA input signal. 2.

Table 1 above lists the most common configurations of SQM5... series actuators. Many other configurations are possible. See Product Number Identification Legend on the following page or contact SCC Inc. to inquire about configurations not listed in Table 1.

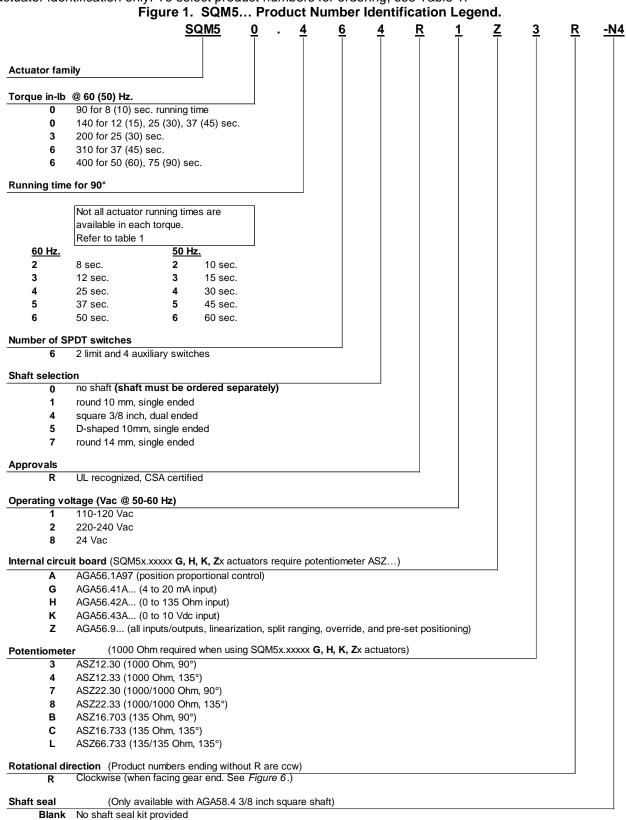
Table 2. Product Numbers for Accessories.

Shafts

			<u> </u>			
AGA56.1A97	24-250 Vac	(A) board for SQM5x.xxxxx A x	AGA58.1	10 mm round with key. Gear end only.		
AGA56.9A87	24 Vac	(Z) board for SQM5x.xxxxx Z x	AGA58.2	12 mm round with key. Gear end only.		
AGA56.9A17	110 Vac	(Z) board for SQM5x.xxxxx Z x	AGA58.3	9 mm square. Dual-ended.		
AGA56.9A27	220 Vac	(Z) board for SQM5x.xxxxxZx	AGA58.4	3/8 inch square. Dual-ended.		
AGA56.41A8	7 24 Vac	(G) board for SQM5x.xxxxx G x	AGA58.5	10mm D-shaped. Gear end only.		
AGA56.41A1	7 110 Vac	(G) board for SQM5x.xxxxx G x	AGA58.7	14 mm round with key. Gear end only.		
AGA56.41A2	7 220 Vac	(G) board for SQM5x.xxxxx G x	For exact sl	naft sizes, see <i>Dimensions</i> .		
AGA56.42A8	7 24 Vac	(H) board for SQM5x.xxxxx H x				
AGA56.42A1	7 110 Vac	(H) board for SQM5x.xxxxxHx	Shaft Seals			
AGA56.42A2	7 220 Vac	(H) board for SQM5x.xxxxx H x	AGA55.5	NEMA shaft seal kit. (Shaft AGA58.4 required)		
AGA56.43A8	7 24 Vac	(K) board for SQM5x.xxxxx K x	7107100.0	TVEW/Y Gridit God Kit. (Gridit / C/100. 1 Toquilou)		
AGA56.43A1	7 110 Vac	(K) board for SQM5x.xxxxx K x	Potentiome	otors		
AGA56.43A2	7 220 Vac	(K) board for SQM5x.xxxxx K x				
0 5: 4	Dun de est Novembre	. Laboratific and a manual		ASZ12.803 and ASZ12.30 1000Ω, 90° ASZ12.833 and ASZ12.33 1000Ω, 135°		
See Figure 1.	Product Number	Identification Legend.		•		
				and ASZ22.30 1000/1000Ω double		
	ackets & Adapte		potentiomet	•		
	•	of Honeywell MOD III, IV		and ASZ22.33 1000/1000Ω double		
	actuators		potentiomet			
	for replacement of Honeywell M640/740/940 and		ASZ16.703 135 Ω , 90° (wire wound)			
	Barber Colman EA20/40/50/60 actuators. Directly		ASZ16.733 135Ω, 135° (wire wound)			
adaptable to Eclipse butterfly valves.		ASZ66.733	$135\Omega/135\Omega$, double potentiometer 135° (wire			
ASK33.9 r	nounting kit for di	rect attachment to Siemens	wound)	·		
\	/KF41 butterfly	valve. (Shaft AGA58.1 required)	•			
			Additional p	otentiometer models available. See Siemens		
			technical da	ata sheet 7921.		
ASK33.9 r	adaptable to Eclip mounting kit for di	se butterfly valves. rect attachment to Siemens	ASZ66.733 wound) Additional p	$135\Omega/135\Omega$, double potentiometer 135° (wire obtentiometer models available. See <i>Siemens</i>		

Product Number Identification Legend

For actuator identification only. To select product numbers for ordering, see Table 1.



Installation and Operation Instructions

SQM5... actuators are sometimes shipped without the shaft installed. To install the selected shaft:

- 1. Loosen the two screws on the actuator cover corners. See Figure 2.
- 2. Lift the screws and raise the cover. See Figure 3.

Shaft Installation

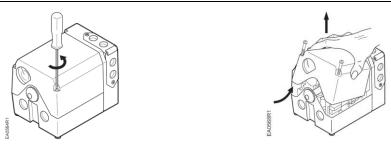
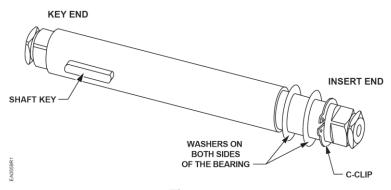


Figure 2.

Figure 3.

3. Each shaft is supplied with two washers and a "C" clip. See Figure 4. Using spreading pliers, remove the "C" clip and the washers from the shaft.



- Figure 4.
- 4. Insert the "insert end" of the shaft into the "gear end" of the actuator.
- 5. Push the shaft until the "insert end" reaches just short of the brass bushing at the other end of the actuator.
- 6. Put one of the washers on the insert end of the shaft. See Figure 5.

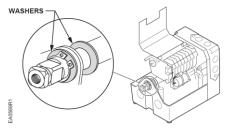


Figure 5.

- 7. Line up the "shaft key" with the key slot on the "gear end" of the actuator and slide the shaft until the "insert end" is completely through the brass bushing.
- 8. Place the second washer onto the "insert end" of the shaft. Using spreading pliers, install the "C" clip.

Rotational Direction Verification

Actuator model numbers that end with "R" are factory configured for clockwise (cw), minimum to maximum rotation when facing the gear end of the actuator, or counterclockwise (ccw) rotation when facing the other end of the actuator. The gear end of the actuator is the side opposite of the visual position indicator.

To field reverse the direction of rotation, see *Service Guide*, "Reversing Rotational Direction".

Actuator Mounting

SQM5... actuators can be mounted in any orientation using the four holes located on the bottom corners of the actuator base. Optional base mounting brackets are available. See Table 2.

SQM5... actuators can also be face mounted using self tapping screws in combination with the various holes on the face of the actuator gear end.

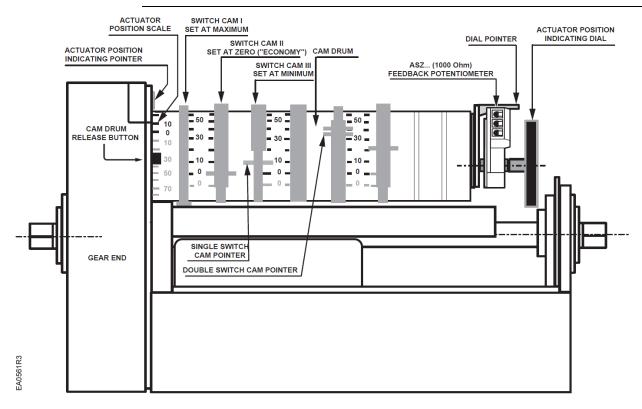


Figure 6. Component Identification on the Cam Drum Side of the SQM5... Actuator.

Switch Adjustment

See Figure 6.

All SQM5...actuators are factory wired with Switch I (maximum), Switch II (fully closed "economy position") and Switch III (minimum). The individual switch cams I, II, and III are factory set to 90° , 0° and 10° respectively.

NOTE: The single switch cam pointers are used together with the black scales when configured for counterclockwise (ccw) operation.

The double switch cam pointers are used together with the red scales when configured for clockwise (cw) operation.

The individual switch cams can be adjusted by hand or with the use of the tool attached to the outside of the hinged switch terminal protection lid.

Switch Adjustment, Continued

NOTE:

If a potentiometer is installed, the adjustable range of the switches depends on the range of the potentiometer.

SQM5x.xxxxxAx actuators may be adjusted between 0° and 160°.

SQM5x.xxxxxx3 actuators have a 90° potentiometer and the switches must be adjusted only between 0 and 90°.

SQM5x.xxxxxx4 actuators have a 135° potentiometer and the switches must be adjusted only between 0 and 135°.

Shaft Adjustment

See Figure 6.

The actuator shaft can be disengaged by pressing the silver shaft release button. The button is located above the grounding screw, under the hinged terminal protection cover, and to the right of the auto/manual switch. After pressing the shaft release button in and slightly upward, the shaft can be manually rotated. After the shaft has been manually aligned to the closed position, re-engage the shaft by pushing the shaft release button downwards.

Cam Drum Adjustment

See Figure 6.

Position Indicating Dial Adjustment

Once the shaft has been set, the cam drum must be manually aligned by pressing and holding the black cam drum release button (see Figure 6). Rotate the cam drum until the "0" mark on the actuator position scale (left scale on the cam drum) is aligned with the gray actuator position indicating pointer.

The actual position of the SQM5... actuator is indicated by the gray actuator position indicating pointer (see Figure 6). The position is also displayed by the indicating dial through the housing's window. Ensure that the actuator position indicating dial is aligned with the actuator position scale. If necessary, rotate the dial in the clockwise direction.



CAUTION:

Turning the dial in the counterclockwise direction may loosen the potentiometer locking screw.

Wiring

Electrical Connection

SQM5... actuators are equipped with two removable conduit connection plates located on the upper corner of the gear housing. Each plate is provided with two threaded connections for 1/2" NPSM conduit connectors. The use of flexible stranded wire is recommended.

Grounding



CAUTION:

To avoid electro-magnetic interference, the SQM5... actuators must be grounded.

The ground terminal is located to the right of the auto/manual switch.

Disconnect the circuit board wire marked 51 during high voltage testing. Reconnect it to the grounding terminal after the test.

Wiring Connections

NOTE: SQM5... actuators require a single source, single phase power supply.

Wiring connections vary depending on which AGA56.... circuit board is installed.

AGA56.1... circuit boards. See Figures 7 and 8.

Manual Operation

- Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the MAN position.
- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- 3. Connect neutral to the double terminal block, located on the left side of the gray switch housing.
- 4. Only terminal "L" must be to enable manual operation. The actuator can now be driven to the maximum position (switch cam I) or the fully closed "economy position" (switch cam II) by using the toggle switch located to the left of the AUTO/MAN switch.

Automatic Operation

- Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the AUTO position.
- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- Connect neutral to the double terminal block located on the left side of the gray switch housing.
- 4. Connect line voltage to terminal A to drive the actuator in the opening direction.
- 5. Connect line voltage to terminal Z to drive the actuator in the closing direction.



CAUTION:

Do not power terminals A and Z simultaneously. Actuator damage will occur.

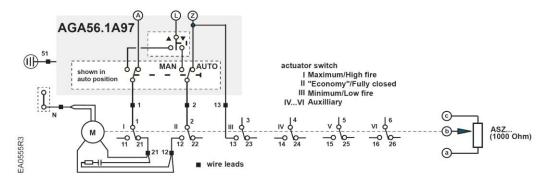


Figure 7. Basic Functional Diagram of AGA56.1...

Wiring, Continued

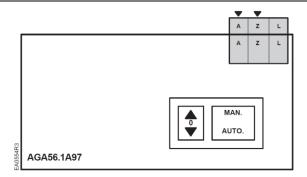


Figure 8. AGA56.1A97 Terminal/Auto-Manual Board.

AGA56.41/42/43...

Manual Operation

Circuit Boards.

1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the MAN position.

See Figures 9 and 10.

- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- Connect neutral to terminal N.
- 4. Only terminal "L" must be powered to enable manual operation. The actuator can now be driven to the maximum (high fire) position (switch cam I) or the fully closed "economy position" (switch cam II) by using the toggle switch located to the left of the AUTO/MAN switch.

Automatic Operation

- 1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the AUTO position.
- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- 3. Connect neutral to terminal N.
- Connect line voltage at all times to terminal L to provide power to the electronic circuit board.
- 5. Connect line voltage to terminal LR to provide power when modulating. Connect line voltage to Terminal LR **only** after removing power on terminals A and Z (otherwise actuator damage may result).
- 6. Connect line voltage to terminal A to drive the actuator to the maximum (high fire purge) position.
 - Once the maximum position is reached, terminal 11 (on switch I) will be energized to provide position feedback.
- 7. Connect power to terminal ZL to drive the actuator to the minimum (low-fire) position. Once the minimum position is reached, terminal 23 (on switch III) will be energized to provide position feedback. Adjustment of switch III will determine the low-fire stop position. Switch III (low fire) must be set at a higher position than switch II (fully closed). Terminal ZL may be energized only after removing power from terminals A, Z, 13, and LR.
- 8. Connect line voltage to terminal Z to drive the actuator to the fully closed/economy position (switch II).
- 9. Connect the input control signal wires to the appropriate terminals. See Figure 9.



CAUTION:

Do not power terminals A and Z simultaneously. Actuator damage will occur.

Wiring, Continued

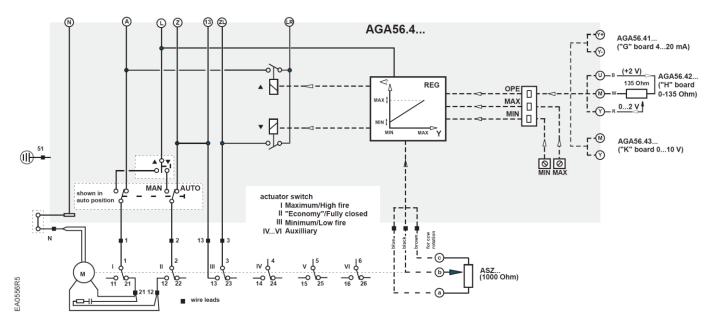


Figure 9. Basic Functional Diagram of AGA56.4...

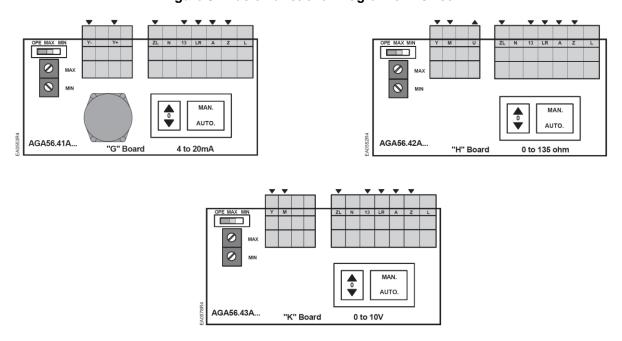


Figure 10. AGA56.41/42/43... Terminal and Trim Potentiometer Boards.

AGA56.9... Circuit Boards

Manual Operation

- 1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the MAN position.
- See Figures 11 and 12.
- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- 3. Connect neutral to terminal N.
- 4. Only terminal "L" must be powered to enable manual operation. The actuator can now be driven to the maximum (high fire) position (switch cam I) or the fully closed "economy position" (switch cam II) by using the toggle switch located to the left of the AUTO/MAN switch.

Automatic Operation

- 1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the AUTO position.
- 2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
- 3. Connect neutral to terminal N.
- Connect line voltage at all times to terminal L to provide power to the electronic circuit board.
- 5. Connect line voltage to terminal L1 to provide power when modulating. Connect line voltage to terminal L1 **only** after removing power on terminals A and Z (otherwise actuator damage may result).
- 6. Connect line voltage to terminal A to drive the actuator to the maximum (high fire purge) position. Once the maximum position is reached, terminal 11 (on switch I) will be energized to provide position feedback.
- 7. Connect power to terminal ZL to drive the actuator to the minimum (low-fire) position. Once the minimum position is reached, terminal 23 (on switch III) will be energized to provide position feedback. Adjustment of switch III will determine the low-fire stop position. Switch III (low fire) must be set at a higher position than switch II (fully closed). Terminal ZL may be energized **only** after removing power from terminals A, Z, 13, and LR.
- 8. Connect line voltage to terminal Z to drive the actuator to the fully closed/economy position (switch II).
- 9. Connect the input control signal wires to the appropriate terminals. See Figure 11.



CAUTION:

Do not power terminals A and Z simultaneously. Actuator damage will occur.

Wiring, Continued

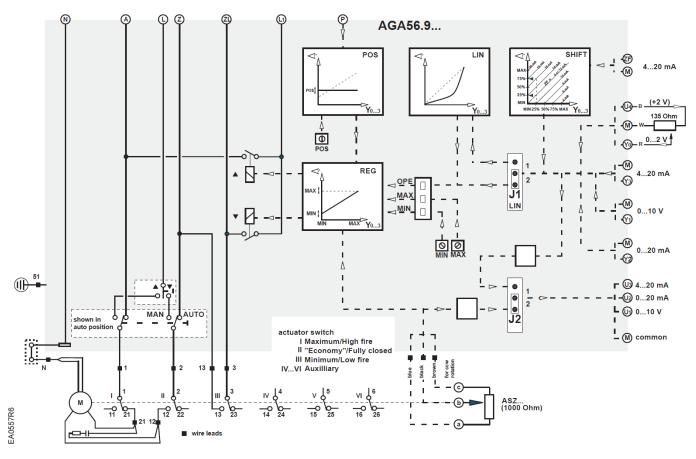


Figure 11. Basic Functional Diagram of AGA56.9...

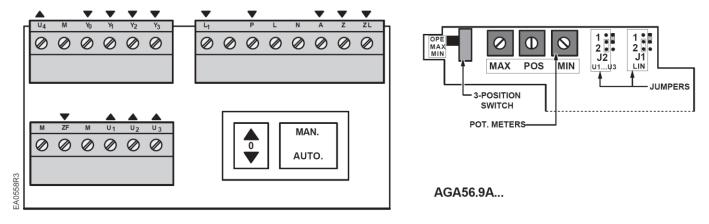


Figure 12. AGA56.9... Terminal and Trim Potentiometer/Jumper Board.

Modulation Adjustment

See Figures 10 and 12.

The blue trim potentiometers allow the adjustment of the minimum (zero) and maximum (span) positions.

The factory setting of the MIN trim potentiometer is rotated fully counter clockwise. The factory setting of the MAX trim potentiometer is rotated fully clockwise.

Zero Adjustment

Set the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to MIN. The blue MIN trim potentiometer can now be gently adjusted to the required minimum position. Return the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to OPE for operation.

NOTE: Do not set switch cam I higher than:

90°

when using feedback potentiometers ASZxx.30

135°

when using feedback potentiometers ASZxx.33

Span Adjustment

Set the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to MAX. The blue MAX trim potentiometer can now be gently adjusted to the required maximum position. Return the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to OPE for operation.

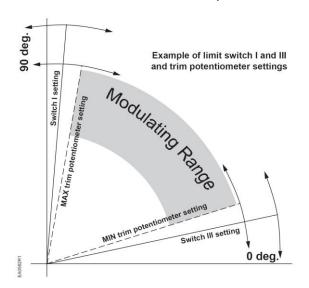


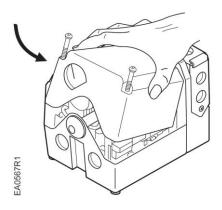
Figure 13. Switch Cam and Trim Potentiometer Setting.

NOTE:

The actual minimum and maximum modulating range is determined either by the setting of the MIN and MAX trim potentiometers or the setting of switch cam III (Minimum) and switch cam I (Maximum). The actuator can never modulate outside of the range set by switch cam I and III. If the MIN and MAX trim potentiometers are set outside the setting range of switch cams I and III, then the switch cam settings determine the modulating range. If a soft stop is desired, the modulating range can be defined by the trim potentiometers if the MIN and MAX trim potentiometers are set inside the setting range of switch cams I and III. See the example in Figure 13.

Cover Installation

- 1. Lift the two screws on the cover corners and slide the cover end into the grooves at the gear end of the actuator. See Figure 14.
- 2. Press the cover into place and then press the screws inward and tighten. See Figure 15.



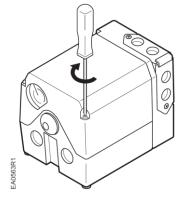


Figure 14.

Figure 15.

Features of SQM5x.xxxxxZx Actuators

SQM5xx.xxxxx**Z**x actuators contain the AGA56.9A... multi function circuit board. This circuit board provides the following features:

Multiple Input Signals

The AGA56.9A... circuit board accepts the following input signals:

Line voltage

- Power to A drives the actuator open to the setting of switch cam I (Maximum).
- Power to ZL drives the actuator closed to the setting of switch cam III (Minimum).
- Power to Z drives the actuator closed to the setting of switch cam II (Economy).
- 4 to 20 mA (Signal to Y3, common to M)
- **0 to 135** Ω (Slide wire signal to Y0, potentiometer connected to M and U4)
- **0 to 10 Vdc** (Signal to Y1, common to M)
- 0 to 20 mA (Signal to Y2, common to M)

Multiple Output Signals

The AGA56.9A... circuit board provides the following output signals:

- 4 to 20 mA (Signal from U3, common to M)
- 0 to 10Vdc (Signal from U1, common to M)
- 0 to 20mA (Signal from U2, common to M)

Double potentiometers ASZ22... provide additional output signals.

Electronic Linearization Function

Butterfly valves have non-linear flow characteristics. Near the fully closed position, a small change in the valve's position will produce a very large change in flow. Near the fully open position, a large position change will produce a relatively small change in flow.

The linearization function is intended to minimize the initial steep flow curve characteristics of a typical butterfly valve. The linearization function is enabled when Jumper J1 is in position 1 (upper position). Consequently, the actuator will make smaller rotational movements when subjected to lower input signals and larger rotational movements when subjected to higher input signals.

For example (based on a 90° modulating range), a change in input signal from 4 to 8 mA will cause a rotational movement of 11.25°. An equal change from 16 to 20 mA will cause a rotational movement of 45°. Thus, with the linearization function enabled, the change in flow is closely proportional to the change in input signal.

The linearization function is disabled when Jumper J1 is in position 2 (lower position). When disabled, the rotational movement of the shaft is proportional to the input signal.

Input Signal Override

Line voltage to terminal P will drive the actuator to a pre-set adjustable position, overriding all modulating input signals. Use the potentiometer marked POS to adjust the override position to any setting within the setting range of switch cams I and III.

NOTE:

The input signal override can also be used for the ignition position of burners if different from the low fire position.

Parallel Operation

Set Jumper J2 in position 1 (upper position) to configure the actuator for parallel operation. Input signals Y0, Y1, Y2 or Y3 are directly shunted to output signals U1, U2 and U3. All output signals are available regardless of which input signal is applied.

Master/Slave Operation

Set J2 in position 2 (lower position) to configure the actuator for master/slave operation. The output signals U1, U2 and U3 reflect actual shaft position.

Split Ranging

AGA56.9... circuit boards have a modulating signal shift feature which can be used for split ranging. If no signal is present on Y0, Y1, Y2 or Y3, the actuator will modulate through the full rotational range in response to a 12 to 20 mA signal applied at ZF. If a maximum signal is present on Y0, Y1, Y2, or Y3, then the actuator will modulate through the full rotational range in response to a 4 to 12 mA signal applied at ZF. (Maximum signal can be easily achieved by bridging terminals U4 and Y0.) See Figure 16.

NOTE: It is possible to configure the actuator for split range operation 12 to 4 mA and 20 to 12 mA. Consult your authorized Siemens Building Technologies combustion products sales representative for details.

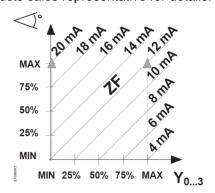


Figure 16. Split Ranging.

Features of SQM5x.xxxxx<u>G</u>x, SQM5x.xxxxx<u>H</u>x, SQM5x.xxxxx<u>K</u>x Actuators

SQM5x.xxxxx**G**x actuators contain the AGA56.41A... circuit board with terminals Y- and Y+ for 4 to 20 mA modulating input.

SQM5x.xxxxx**H**x actuators contain the AGA56.42A... circuit board with terminals Y, M and U for 0 to 135 Ω modulating input.

SQM5x.xxxxx**K**x actuators contain the AGA56.43A... circuit board with terminals Y and M for 0 to 10 Vdc modulating input.

Input Signals

The AGA56.4xA... circuit boards accept the following additional input signal:

Line voltage

- Power to A drives the actuator open to the setting of switch cam I (Maximum).
- Power to Z drives the actuator closed to the setting of switch cam II (Economy).
- Power to ZL drives the actuator closed to the setting of switch cam III (Minimum).

Output Signals

The AGA56.4xA... circuit boards do not provide output signals. Install a double potentiometer ASZ22...to obtain a 0 to 1000 Ω actuator position output signal.

Features of SQM5x.xxxxx<u>A</u>x Actuators

The AGA56.1A97... circuit boards accept the following additional input signal:

Line voltage

Input Signals

- Power to A drives the actuator open to the setting of switch cam I (Maximum).
- Power to Z drives the actuator closed to the setting of switch cam II (Economy).
- Power to switch III, terminal 3 drives the actuator to the setting of switch cam III (Minimum).

Output Signals

The AGA56.1A97 circuit board provides no output signals. Install an ASZ... potentiometer to obtain an actuator position output signal.

Service Guide



WARNING:

Disconnect the power supply to the actuator before performing any service functions.

Reversing Rotational Direction

- 1. Disconnect the wires marked 21 and 12, and reverse.
- 2. Adjust all switch cams to the desired settings (see Figure 6):
 - For CCW rotation use the black cam drum scales and the single switch cam pointers.
 - For CW rotation, use the red cam drum scales and the double switch cam pointers.

NOTE: Press and hold the black cam drum release button to rotate the cam drum. This will give easy access to the switch cams and a better view of the cam drum scales.

If no potentiometer ASZ... is installed, the reversing procedure is complete. If a potentiometer ASZ... is installed, complete Steps 3 through 9.

Reversing Rotational Direction, Continued

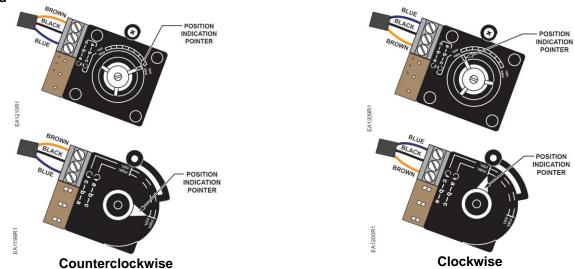


Figure 17. Reversing Rotational Direction on the ASZ Potentiometer.

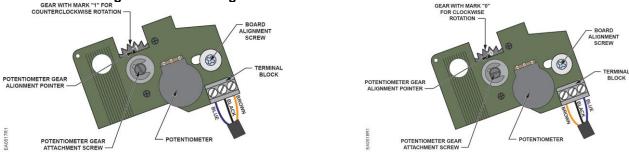


Figure 17a. Reversing Rotational Direction on the ASZ Potentiometer (Gear Models).

- 3. Disconnect the blue and brown wires from the terminal block located on the ASZ... potentiometer circuit board and reverse. The black wire remains connected to the middle terminal. See Figures 17 and 17a.
- 4. Remove the white plastic actuator position-indicating dial by gently pulling while rotating in the clockwise direction. See Figure 6.
- 5. The actuator position indicating pointer, located near the actuator gear end of the cam drum, must point to the "0" mark on the actuator position scale (scale on the cam drum nearest to the actuator gear end). Press and hold the black cam drum release button while manually rotating the cam drum.
- Loosen the black potentiometer cam attachment screw approximately one turn. Gently
 wedge a small screwdriver between the potentiometer and the gray plastic housing.
 Gently twist the screwdriver until the potentiometer releases from the cam drum shaft.
- 7. Change potentiometer end position:
 - Manually rotate the potentiometer position indication pointer **exactly** to the other end mark (see Figure 17).
 - Gear models (see Figure 17a): For clockwise rotation, manually rotate the potentiometer gear until the white line next to the "0" mark on the potentiometer gear face is exactly in alignment with the potentiometer gear alignment pointer. For counterclockwise rotation, manually rotate the potentiometer gear until the white line next to the "1" mark on the potentiometer gear face is exactly in alignment with the potentiometer gear alignment pointer

Reversing Rotational Direction, Continued

- 8. Firmly tighten the black potentiometer cam attachment screw while manually holding the potentiometer position indication pointer in alignment. Check the alignment again.
- 9. Re-install the white actuator-indicating dial by gently pressing it onto the potentiometer cam attachment screw. Align scale position "0" on the actuator position indicating dial with the dial pointer by rotating the dial in the clockwise direction to avoid loosening the potentiometer cam attachment screw.

Shaft Installation

See Installation and Operation Instructions.

Preparation Before Circuit Board Installation



WARNING:

Disconnect the power supply to the actuator before replacing the circuit boards.

The black circuit board mounting bracket, installed on the inside base of the SQM5... actuator has four vertical, slotted circuit board supports. Remove the terminal section and circuit board(s) from the mounting bracket.

The actuator motor capacitor is attached to the lower section of the gray plastic switch housing using snap-on holding clips. Gently pull the capacitor forward until it unclips and temporarily place it on top of the gear housing. See Figure 18.

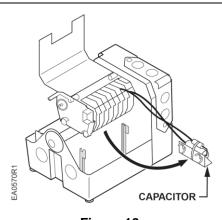


Figure 18.



CAUTION:

Do not disconnect any capacitor wiring.

AGA56.41/42/43 Circuit Board Installation

Remove the AGA56.41/42/43... circuit board from the packaging. The circuit board is shipped as one board.

Separate the board at the perforation by holding the circuit board at both ends and gently bending the board until it separates.

Move the terminal section containing the auto/manual switch to the opposite end of the base circuit board.

From the switch housing side of the actuator, guide the base circuit board into the bottom of the circuit board mounting bracket. See Figure 19.

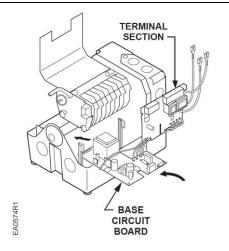


Figure 19.

AGA56.41/42/43 Circuit Board Installation, Continued

Re-install the actuator motor capacitor. See Figure 20.

Gently guide the terminal section into the support slots and slide the terminal board downward until both supports snap into place. Ensure that the four brown wires and the flat white connector cable which connect the two circuit boards are positioned correctly in their respective corners allowing the board to freely slide into place without pinching either wire. See Figure 21.

Connect the bundled blue, black and brown potentiometer wires to the terminal block located on the ASZ... potentiometer circuit board. See Potentiometer Installation.

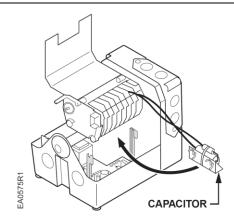


Figure 20.

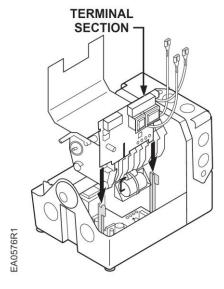


Figure 21.

AGA56.41/42/43 Circuit Board Installation, Continued

Make the following connections to the actuator: See Figure 22.

- a. Connect the wire, marked "1" from the circuit board to switch I, terminal 1.
- b. Connect the wire, marked "2" from the circuit board to switch II, terminal 2.
- c. Connect the wire, marked "3" from the circuit board to switch III, terminal 3.
- d. Connect the wire, marked "13" from the circuit board to switch III, terminal 13.
- e. Connect the blue neutral wire marked "N" to the double terminal block located on the outer end of the switch housing
- f. Connect the grounding wire marked "51" to the ground terminal located to the right of the auto/manual switch.

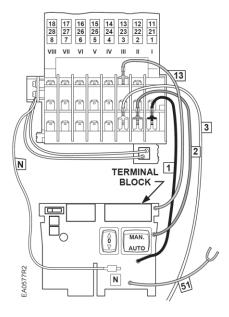


Figure 22.

AGA56.9A... Circuit Board Installation

- 1. Remove the ASZ... potentiometer if already installed on the SQM5... actuator. See *Potentiometer Removal/Installation Instructions*.
- Remove the AGA56.9A... circuit boards from the packaging. The three separate AGA56.9A circuit boards are shipped in a circuit board mounting bracket.
- Remove the two upright circuit boards from the mounting bracket by gently pulling aside the vertical supports and sliding the boards upward. Remove the base circuit board from the bottom of the mounting bracket. Discard the shipping mounting bracket.

AGA56.9A... Circuit Board Installation, Continued

- 4. Guide the base circuit board from the switch housing side of the actuator into the bottom of the circuit board mounting bracket. See Figure 23.
- 5. Re-install the actuator motor capacitor. See Figure 24.
- 6. Gently guide the terminal board into the support slots and slide the terminal board downward until both supports snap into place. See Figure 25.
- 7. See Figure 26 and make the following connections to the actuator:
 - a. Connect the wire, marked "1" from the circuit board to switch I, terminal 1.
 - b. Connect the wire, marked "2" from the circuit board to switch II, terminal 2. Connect the white wire, marked "3" from the circuit board to switch III, terminal 3.
 - c. Connect the wire, marked "13" from the circuit board to switch III, terminal 13.
 - d. Connect the neutral wire, marked "N" to the double terminal block located on the outer end of the switch housing.
 - e. Connect the grounding wire marked "51" to the ground terminal located to the right of the auto/manual switch.

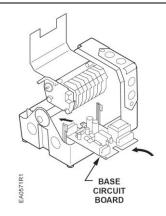


Figure 23.

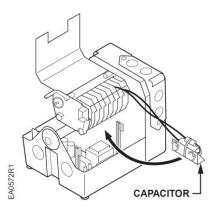


Figure 24.

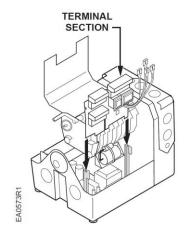


Figure 25.

AGA56.9A... Circuit Board Installation, Continued

- Gently guide the L-shaped circuit board containing the three blue trim potentiometers into the vertical support slots located on the cam drum side of the actuator. See Figure 27.
- Slide the circuit board downward until both supports snap into place. Install the ASZ... potentiometer. (See Potentiometer Removal/Installation Instructions.)
- 10. Connect the bundled blue, black and brown potentiometer wires to the terminal block located on the ASZ... potentiometer circuit board.

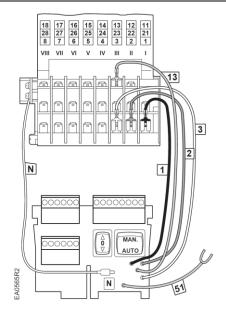


Figure 26.

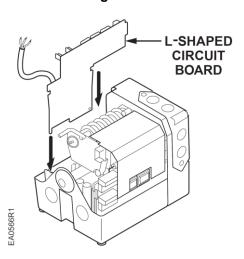


Figure 27.

AGA56.1A97 Circuit Board Installation

- 1. Install the AGA56.1A97 circuit board into the two slotted circuit board supports located on the switch housing side of the actuator.
- 2. Gently guide the AGA56.1A97 circuit board into the support slots and slide the board downward until both supports snap into place.
- 3. Make the following connections to the actuator:
 - a. Connect the wire, marked "1" from the circuit board to switch I, terminal 1.
 - b. Connect the wire, marked "2" from the circuit board to switch II, terminal 2.
 - c. Connect the wire, marked "13" from the circuit board to switch III, terminal 13.

Potentiometer Removal

Remove the white plastic actuator position-indicating dial by gently pulling while rotating in the clockwise direction. See Figure 6.

Disconnect the blue, black and brown wire from the potentiometer terminal block. See Figure 17.

Remove the silver potentiometer alignment screw.

Loosen the black potentiometer cam attachment screw approximately one turn.

Gently wedge a small screwdriver between the potentiometer and the gray plastic housing.

Carefully twist the screwdriver until the potentiometer releases from the cam drum shaft. Remove the ASZ... potentiometer.

Potentiometer Installation

- Install the new ASZ... potentiometer by gently sliding the bushing over the cam drum shaft.
- 2. Align the potentiometer alignment screw hole with the hole in the gray plastic housing and install the potentiometer alignment screw. See Figures 17 and 17a.
- 3. The actuator position indicating pointer, located near the actuator gear end of the cam drum, must point to the "0" mark on the actuator position scale. See Figure 6. The scale is located on the cam drum nearest to the actuator gear end. Press and hold the black cam drum release button while manually rotating the cam drum.
- 4. If installing a potentiometer without gear, manually rotate the potentiometer pointer until the pointer is **exactly** in the "min" position. See Figure 17. Firmly tighten the black potentiometer cam attachment screw while manually holding the potentiometer pointer in alignment. Check the alignment again.
- 5. If installing a gear model potentiometer, manually rotate the potentiometer gear until the white line next to the "0" or "1" mark on the potentiometer gear face is **exactly** in alignment with the potentiometer gear alignment pointer. See Figure 17a. For counterclockwise (ccw) operation the line beside the "1" mark must exactly align with potentiometer gear alignment pointer. For clockwise (cw) operation the line beside the "0" mark must exactly align with potentiometer gear alignment pointer. Firmly tighten the black potentiometer cam attachment screw while manually holding the potentiometer gear in alignment. Check the alignment again.
- 6. Connect the bundled blue, black and brown potentiometer wires to the terminal block located on the ASZ... potentiometer board. See *Potentiometer Installation* and Figures 17 and 17a.
- 7. Re-install the white actuator-indicating dial by gently pressing it onto the potentiometer cam attachment screw. Align scale position "0" on the actuator position indicating dial with the dial pointer by rotating the dial in the clockwise direction to avoid loosening the potentiometer gear attachment screw. See Figure 6.

Specifications

SQM5... Reversing Actuator

SQM5... Reversing actuator

Agency approvals UL, CSA, CE
Operating voltage 24 Vac +10%-15%

110 Vac-15% to 120 Vac +10% 220 Vac-15% to 240 Vac +10%

Operating frequency 50 to 60 Hz Power consumption 20 VA

Type of motor Reversing synchronous motor

Duty cycle 100%
Torque See Table 1.

Maximum shaft torque

AGA58.1 90 lb-in
AGA58.2 200 lb-in
AGA58.3 220 lb-in
AGA58.4 270 lb-in
AGA58.5 90 lb-in
AGA58.7 400 lb-in
Timings See Table 1.

Rotational range of operation

SQM5x.xxxxxA models 0° to 160°
SQM5x.xxxxxx3 models 0° to 90°
SQM5x.xxxxxx4 models 0° to 135°
SQM5x.xxxxxx6 models 0° to 160°
Direction of rotation Reversible

Shaft Selectable. See Table 2.

Custom versions on request

Shaft disengagement Independent, cam and drive shaft
Number of auxiliary switches 4 switches (standard, maximum 6)

Limit switches 2 switches (standard)
Electrical rating of auxiliary switches 7.5 (3) A, 250 Vac

Mounting position Optional

Ambient operating temperature -5°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Shipping temperature -58°F to 140°F (-50°C to 60°C)
NEMA ratings NEMA 1, 2, 3, 3R, 3S, 5, 12, and 13

Connections

Switches Spade connectors

Boards Screwed and spade connectors
Dimensions See Figures 28 through 31.

Weight 7.3 lb (3.3 kg)

Housing Aluminum pressure die casting

Enclosure (cover) Lexan

Motor Lock resistant

Disengagements Manual for drive and cam shaft

Chacifications

Two removable inserts with two

ASZ... (1000 ohm) is required

110 Vac -15% to 120 Vac +10% 220 Vac -15% to 240 Vac +10%

24 Vac +10%-15%

Conduit Connection	1/2-inch NPSM threads.
	Each insert allows insertion of entire cable tree for easy servicing
Gears and bearings	Maintenance-free
Mounting	Bottom or face mounting possible
Adaptation to other actuator brands	Screw pattern and shaft height Adaptation with AGA57 adapters See Table 2.
AGA56.1A97 Switch circuit board	
Operating voltage	Voltage independent
Operating frequency	50 to 60 Hz
Auto/manual switch	2-position switch
Manual toggle switch	3-position switch
Ambient operating temperature	-5°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Shipping temperature	-58°F to 140°F (-50°C to 60°C)
Weight	0.22 lb (0.1 kg)
AGA56.41A Electronic circuit boards	Single potentiometer
	Gears and bearings Mounting Adaptation to other actuator brands AGA56.1A97 Switch circuit board Operating voltage Operating frequency Auto/manual switch Manual toggle switch Ambient operating temperature Shipping temperature Weight

AGA56.41A	Operating frequency	50 to 60 Hz
	Ambient operating temperature	-5°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
	Shipping temperature	-58°F to 140°F (-50°C to 60°C)
	Input signal	4 to 20 mA

Input signal
Impedance

Operating voltage

Conduit connection

 $\begin{array}{lll} & & \leq 300 \ \Omega \\ & \text{Zero adjustment} & & \text{MIN: 0 to 75\%} \\ & \text{Span adjustment} & & \text{MAX: min 100\%} \\ & \text{Auto/manual switch} & & 2\text{-position switch} \\ & \text{Manual toggle switch} & & 3\text{-position switch} \\ & \text{Weight} & & 0.7 \ \text{lb} \ (0.33 \ \text{kg}) \\ \end{array}$

AGA56.42A... Electronic circuit boards Same specifications as AGA56.41A

except

Input signal 0 to 135 ohm

Impedance

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Current input} & \leq 300 \ \Omega \\ \text{Voltage input} & \geq 100 \text{K} \ \Omega \end{array}$

AGA56.42A...

Specifications, continued

AGA56.43A... Electronic circuit boards Same specifications as AGA56.41A

except:

Input signal 0 to 10 Vdc

Impedance

Voltage input \geq 100K Ω

AGA56.9A AGA56.9A... Multi function electronic Single potentiometer

circuit boards ASZ... (1000 ohm) is required

Operating voltage 24 Vac +10%-15%

110 Vac -15% to 120 Vac +10% 220 Vac -15% to 240 Vac +10%

Operating frequency 50 to 60 Hz
Input signals 4 to 20 mA
0 to 20 mA

0 to 10 Vdc 0 to 135 ohm

Impedance

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Current input} & \leq 300 \ \Omega \\ \text{Voltage input} & \geq 100 \text{K} \ \Omega \\ \text{Output signals} & \text{4 to 20 mA} \\ & \text{0 to 20 mA} \\ \end{array}$

0 to 10 Vdc

Max output load

Current output <600 ohm

Voltage output > 1.5K ohm

Zero adjustment MIN: 0 to 75%

Span adjustment MAX: min-100%

Split ranging (SHIFT) 4 to 20 mA on terminal ZF

Input signal override (POS)

Line voltage (... Vac) on terminal P

adjust with POS potentiometer -5°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)

Ambient operating temperature -5°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Shipping temperature -58°F to 140°F (-50°C to 60°C)

ASZ... Potentiometers Auto/manual switch 2-position switch 3-position switch

Manual toggle switch 3-position switch Weight 0.7 lb (0.33 kg)

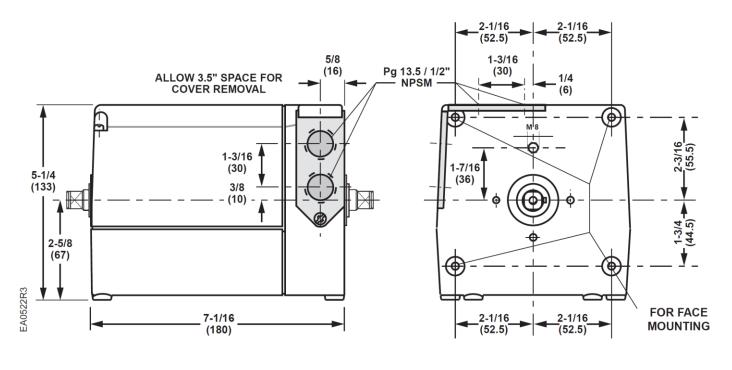
ASZ... Potentiometers

Versions Single and double potentiometer
Resistor values See Table 2 and *Data Sheet 7921*.

Hysteresis < 0.3% related to drive shaft

Dimensions

The first dimension given is measured in inches. Millimeters are shown in parentheses.



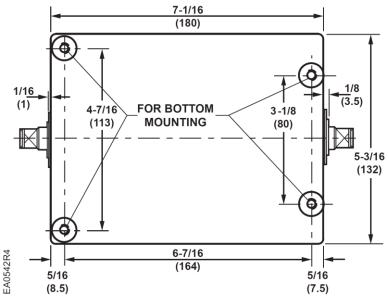


Figure 28. SQM5x.xxxRxx Dimensions.

Dimensions, Continued

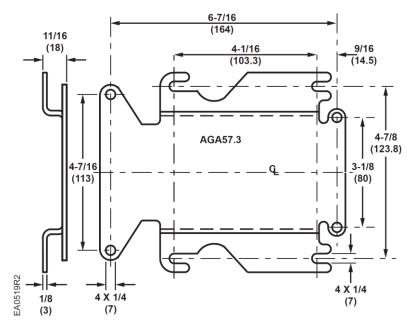


Figure 29. Mounting Bracket AGA57.3.

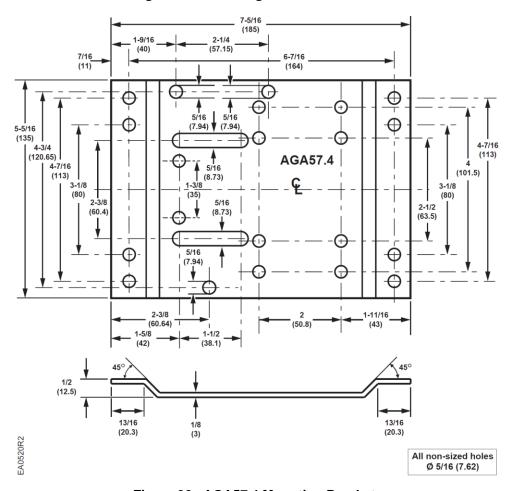


Figure 30. AGA57.4 Mounting Bracket.

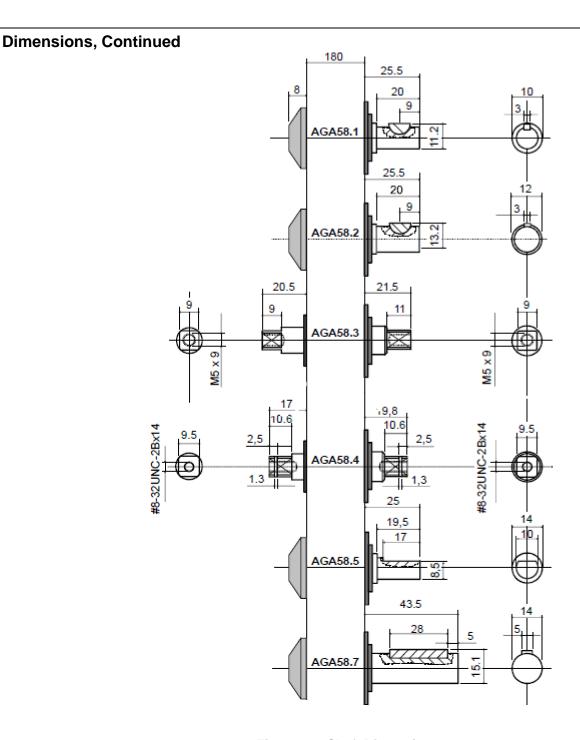


Figure 31. Shaft Dimensions.

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